

Total No. of Printed Pages—3.

**5 SEM TDC GGRH (CBCS) C 11**

**2 0 2 2**

( Nov/Dec )

**GEOGRAPHY**

( Core )

Paper : C-11

**( Regional Planning and Development )**

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×8=8

(a) Functional region is based on  
uniformity/interdependence.

(Choose the correct answer)

(b) A regional plan seeks to resolve any one  
problem of the concerned region.

(Write True or False)

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- (c) Island nations are ideal regions for planning.

(Write True or False)

- (d) The type of Regional Planning where the planar provides incentives to people to improve their lives is known as \_\_\_\_\_ planning.

(Fill in the blank)

- (e) Who developed the concept of 'spread and backwash effects'?

- (f) Perroux's conception of space was abstract/concrete.

(Choose the correct answer )

- (g) Carbon footprint is a economic/social/environmental indicator for measuring development.

(Choose the correct answer )

- (h) What is the full form of HDI?

2. Write short notes on any *three* of the following :

5×3=15

- (a) Region and its types

- (b) Delineation of planning regions

( 3 )

- (c) Village cluster
- (d) Efficiency-equity debate
- (e) Social indicators of development

Answer any *three* of the following within 400 words  
each : 10×3=30

3. What is Regional Planning? Discuss the necessity of Regional Planning. 2+8=10
4. What is a Planning Region? Divide India into Planning Regions and describe any two of them in detail. 2+8=10
5. Discuss the growth centre theory of Hirschman. How are growth centres relevant in regional planning in India? 8+2=10
6. Write about the concept of 'development' and 'underdevelopment'. Discuss the changing perspective of the concept of development. 5+5=10
7. What is Human Development? Discuss the key indicators for measuring human development. 2+8=10

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